

QYC1 C273 Introduction to Sociology Version 1

Section: Sociology & Human Behaviour • Total Questions: 10 • Format: Verified Q&A

1. What is a consequence of global stratification?

- (A) It promotes equal economic growth for all countries
 - (B) Multinational corporations take advantage of weak labor laws in peripheral countries
 - (C) The least industrialized countries have greater influence
 - (D) The more industrialized countries have a higher rate of poverty
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2. What is true of the relationship between gender and crime?

- (A) Men commit fewer crimes than women
 - (B) Women commit fewer crimes than men
 - (C) Women do not commit crimes
 - (D) Men and women commit the same amount of crimes
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3. What is the relationship between social class and health?

- (A) People from more privileged social classes tend to have better health outcomes.
 - (B) People from less privileged classes tend to have better health outcomes.
 - (C) Health outcomes are the same regardless of social class.
 - (D) People from less privileged social classes seek medical care more often because they are less healthy.
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4. Which concept do sociologists use to describe a group that exists within a dominant culture and has values and norms that blend in with that culture?

- (A) Counterculture
 - (B) Cultural relativism
 - (C) Ethnocentrism
 - (D) Subculture
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5. Which perspective views prison as part of a system that masks the effects of poverty and inequality as personal individual failings?

- (A) Conflict
 - (B) Functionalism
 - (C) Symbolic interactionism
 - (D) Feminism
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6. According to the conflict perspective, which statement describes marriage and family?

- (A) The family functions to ensure the survival of society.
 - (B) The family is a source of power struggles between its members.
 - (C) The family fulfills the need for recreation.
 - (D) The family is universal.
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7. Which sociological theory supports maintaining the gender binary and well-defined gender roles?

- (A) Functionalism
 - (B) Conflict theory
 - (C) Feminism
 - (D) Symbolic interactionism
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8. What is the relationship between social class and health?

- (A) Health outcomes are the same regardless of social class
 - (B) People from less privileged classes seek medical care more often because they are less healthy
 - (C) People from less privileged classes tend to have better health outcomes
 - (D) People from more privileged social classes tend to have better health outcomes
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9. Which term describes the situation where men are promoted at a faster rate than women?

- (A) Male privilege
 - (B) Gender typing
 - (C) Glass ceiling
 - (D) Glass escalator
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10. According to sociologists, which condition in the workplace can be explained by gender?

- (A) The pay gap
 - (B) Leadership aptitude
 - (C) Employee satisfaction
 - (D) Professional development
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