

Florida Civic Literacy Exam 2026

Section: Florida Civic Literacy Exams • **Total Questions:** 10 • **Format:** Verified Q&A

1. Which document protected individual rights, encouraged education, and forbade slavery in the territories beyond the Appalachians in 1787?

- (A) The Articles of Confederation
 - (B) The Northwest Ordinance
 - (C) The Federalist Papers
 - (D) The U.S. Constitution
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2. Which of the following amendments guarantees a trial by jury in all criminal proceedings?

- (A) Fifth Amendment
 - (B) Sixth Amendment
 - (C) Seventh Amendment
 - (D) Eighth Amendment
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3. What did the U.S. Supreme Court decide in the case of the United States v. Nixon (1974)?

- (A) Congress, not the U.S. Supreme Court, is the only branch that can check the power of the executive branch.
 - (B) The President had to comply with a judicial subpoena because executive privilege is not absolute.
 - (C) The President did not have to turn over White House tapes because of his executive privilege.
 - (D) Congress, not the U.S. Supreme Court, has the final say on interpreting executive privilege.
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4. What is the economic system in the United States?

- (A) Socialism
 - (B) Communism
 - (C) Capitalism (market economy)
 - (D) Feudalism
 - (E) Mercantilism
 - (F) Fascism
 - (G) Tribalism
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5. Which of the following principles or practices was established in Marbury v. Madison?

- (A) judicial review
 - (B) executive orders
 - (C) legislative supremacy
 - (D) presidential succession
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6. Who is the Governor of your state?

- (A) Answers will vary by state
 - (B) Ron DeSantis (if Florida)
 - (C) Gavin Newsom (if California)
 - (D) Greg Abbott (if Texas)
 - (E) Kathy Hochul (if New York)
 - (F) J.B. Pritzker (if Illinois)
 - (G) Josh Shapiro (if Pennsylvania)
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7. Who signs bills to become laws?

- (A) The Vice President
 - (B) The Speaker of the House
 - (C) The President
 - (D) The Chief Justice
 - (E) The Senate Majority Leader
 - (F) The Attorney General
 - (G) The Secretary of State
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8. Who does a U.S. Senator represent?

- (A) All people in their state
 - (B) Only the people who voted for them
 - (C) Only their political party
 - (D) Only their city
 - (E) Only their district
 - (F) Only landowners
 - (G) Only citizens over 18
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9. Which constitutional principle would prevent the Congress from nominating a Supreme Court justice?

- (A) rule of law
 - (B) due process
 - (C) popular sovereignty
 - (D) separation of powers
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10. Which U.S. Supreme Court decision focuses on the issues presented in the data?

- (A) U.S. v. Lopez
- (B) Engel v. Vitale
- (C) District of Columbia v. Heller
- (D) Citizens United v. Federal Election Commission