

Life And Health Insurance Exam Prep New York

Section: New York Insurance Exams • Total Questions: 10 • Format: Verified Q&A

1. For what purpose is a life insurance application backdated?

- (A) To reduce the premium
 - (B) To reduce the face amount
 - (C) To protect health status
 - (D) To allow for additional underwriting
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2. A principle of insurance that states a person should be made whole, no better, no worse, is

- (A) subrogation
 - (B) aleatory
 - (C) indemnity
 - (D) adhesion
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3. The Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) ensures that qualified individuals who change jobs will have access to group health insurance with their new employer without

- (A) having to satisfy a new preexisting condition period.
 - (B) having any increase in premium costs.
 - (C) having to meet a new deductible.
 - (D) any change in the level of benefits they receive.
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4. A PRIMARY difference between pre-certification provision and concurrent review is that only the pre-certification provision

- (A) is designed to be a cost containment measure.
 - (B) involves a review by the physician.
 - (C) requires the consent of the patient.
 - (D) occurs before the treatment is provided.
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5. Which of the following plans will provide a death benefit to the policy's beneficiary income tax free?

- (A) Annuity
 - (B) Whole Life
 - (C) Qualified Retirement
 - (D) Tax Sheltered Annuity
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6. An insurer's intentional relinquishment of a known right is

- (A) a waiver
 - (B) an endorsement
 - (C) a surrender
 - (D) a declaration
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7. How long can an insurer exclude coverage for a preexisting condition on a Medicare Supplement Policy?

- (A) 6 months.
 - (B) 12 months.
 - (C) 18 months.
 - (D) 24 months.
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8. At the time of an insured's death, a per capita distribution of policy proceeds are paid to

- (A) the estate of the deceased beneficiaries
 - (B) the primary beneficiary's children if the primary has predeceased the insured
 - (C) all the primary and contingent beneficiaries in equal installments
 - (D) the named living primary beneficiaries
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9. The person who is paid on a fee-for-service basis is also known as

- (A) an insured.
 - (B) a subscriber.
 - (C) an employee.
 - (D) a provider.
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10. The dividend option where the insurer issues the policyowner a check for the dividend amount is called a

- (A) reduced premium dividend option.
 - (B) cash dividend option.
 - (C) one-year dividend option.
 - (D) paid-up option.
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