

CON 3990V Contracting Certification Exam

Section: General Contracting Certification Exams • **Total Questions:** 10 • **Format:** Verified Q&A

1. Which FAR part covers policies and procedures related to avoiding improper business practices and personal conflicts of interest?

- (A) FAR Part 19
 - (B) FAR Part 10
 - (C) FAR Part 12
 - (D) FAR Part 3
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2. You are administering a contract and have heard rumors from employees that the contractor may be violating some ethics standards. Which FAR part would you consult for detailed information on ethics issues as well as what clause(s) may apply to your contract regarding ethics and integrity?

- (A) FAR part 52
 - (B) FAR part 1
 - (C) FAR part 4
 - (D) FAR part 3
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3. Under FAR Part 13, Simplified Acquisition Procedures, which of the following evaluation procedures is most often utilized?

- (A) Cost analysis
 - (B) Price analysis
 - (C) Improvement curve evaluation
 - (D) Cost realism analysis
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4. Standard FAR part 52 clauses and provisions sometimes end with interchangeable paragraphs called:

- (A) Substitutes
 - (B) Amendments
 - (C) Alternates
 - (D) Interchangeables
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5. Pending a final resolution of any claim arising under, or relating to, the contract, a contractor is obligated to:

- (A) Continue contract performance
 - (B) Notify its subcontractors to file an independent claim against the Government
 - (C) Suspend contract performance
 - (D) File an appeal with the General Accountability Office
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6. Upon completion of the contract funds review, in preparation for contract closeout, excess funds:

- (A) Are reported to the contractor for possible future billing
 - (B) Remain on the contract until they expire
 - (C) Are deobligated
 - (D) Remain on the contract in case there are contractor claims
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7. One of the most important considerations when deciding to prepare an offer for the Government in a competitive environment is:

- (A) If the contractor will be able to support the soldier and the Government's overall mission
 - (B) When the contract will be awarded
 - (C) If the effort will advance the contractor's research and development initiatives
 - (D) The potential for winning the contract
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8. Termination for cause can be used for which of the following contracts?

- (A) A commercial contract for supplies
 - (B) Any fixed-price noncommercial contract for services
 - (C) Any contract over \$250,000
 - (D) Any fixed-priced noncommercial contract for supplies
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9. A contracting officer should establish prenegotiation objectives before:

- (A) Issuing an invitation for bids subject to FAR part 14
 - (B) The negotiation of any pricing action subject to FAR part 15
 - (C) Receipt of proposals
 - (D) Release of a solicitation
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10. A contractor that submitted a proposal on a large missile system contacted the contracting officer and offered them a job. What must the contracting officer do?

- (A) Promptly report the contact in writing to their supervisor and to the agency ethics official.
 - (B) Immediately reject the offer of employment and reject the contractor's missile system proposal.
 - (C) Transfer to an office that is not participating in the missile buy so as to abstain from all contact with the contractor.
 - (D) Report the contact only if the contracting officer decides to accept the offer of employment.
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